NETWORK

EVOLUTION IN THE WEB3 SCENARIO

March 27, 2025

ALESSIA GALDEMAN

PostDoc



IT UNIVERSITY OF CPH

Tales on Data Science and Big Data



NETWORK EVOLUTION IN

THE WEB3 SCENARIO

The WEB3



— Web3 data ·

- Huge volume of high resolution data
- Available and affordable by API
- Timestamped and validated
- Heterogeneous interactions

Tales on Data Science and Big Data

ALESSIA GALDEMAN

The **CONTEXT**



The **CONTEXT**

- Past research focused on static networks: developing theoretical frameworks, scalable algorithms, and deep knowledge of network structures;
- In recent years researchers recognized the complexity and time-varying nature of large systems;



The **CONTEXT**



When studying **temporal networks,** we talk about **network evolution** if the focus is on the **mechanisms** that drives the **growth** of a network

TEMPORAL Networks

WEB3 data

Blockchain-based online social

networks

Social networks based on a reward-system for content creator and curators Examples: Steemit, Hive, and Calxe

Non-fungible tokens

Networks of NFT trades on different markets Examples: Cryptokitties, OpenSea, and Decentraland

Complementary currency •

Exchange of a complementary currency through the blockchain technology. Examples: Sarafu, and Circle

Bitcoin / Stable coins

Understanding the evolution of Web3 networks is crucial for revealing emerging trends, potential vulnerabilities, and opportunities for growth in the rapidly evolving blockchain ecosystem

Web3 platforms offer

huge amounts of

data with fine-

grained temporal

information

ALESSIA GALDEMAN

The STATE of the ART

NETWORK EVOLUTION

Very few works on the evolution of networks A lot of works focus on the analysis of the network changes snapshot by snapshot



BUT THE EVOLUTION MUST BE STUDIED THROUGH THE MECHANISMS DYNAMICS PROCESSES

THAT ARE SHAPING THE NETWORK AS IT GROWS

We need to extract

THE RULES OF EVOLUTION

to reveal the evolution of the network from a mesoscopic perspective

The Graph Evolution Rules

COMPOSITION AND MEANING



A rule matching (being isomorphic) to the precondition will probably (frequently) evolve into one matching the postcondition

Tales on Data Science and Big Data

The Graph Evolution Rules EXISTING ALGORITHMS

There exists a few algorithms that propose similar approaches that differ mainly for:

Rules constraints

Frequency counting measures Type of graphs



Tales on Data Science and Big Data



GERANIO

GEneral fRAmework for Network evolutIOn



Tales on Data Science and Big Data

GERANIO

GEneral fRAmework for Network evolutiOn

Tools available on GitHub to easily work with GER algorithms Available TOOLKIT





https://github.com/alessiaatunimi/geranio





Web3 APPLICATIONS





Tool for immediate analysis of evolutionary behavior

Evolutionary PROFILE

The EVOLUTIONARY PROFILE

WHY? To compare networks' evolutionary behavior easily

HOW?

Probability distribution over rules' frequency, each position refers to a specific rule

Tales on Data Science and Big Data

The EVOLUTIONARY PROFILE

DIFFERENT LEVEL OF APPLICATION



Graph LEVEL

CASE STUDIES

It is a blokchain-based social network with an encoded reward system

STEEMIT







Graph LEVEL CASE STUDIES





NFT

- Ensure a unique certificate of ownership
- $\cdot\,$ Guarantee uniqueness and non-transferability
- Track down the complete history of ownership of an object and check the authenticity



Beeple





Graph LEVEL

CASE STUDIES

Each operation is a tuple (u, v, t)That record the operation from user u to user v at timestamp t



Graph LEVEL







We applied our approach to Sarafu, a complementary currency platform with rich temporal data. It represents a contemporary human complex system because it was used for humanitarian aid during COVID-19

412 050 BY 40 343 Transactions BY 40 343 Users Jan20 Jun21

How do single nodes evolve in this humanitarian context?

How to obtain node evolutionary profiles (NEPs) from nodes' ego network using the GER approach

Ego-networks

We first model the transactions into a **directed temporal network**. Then, we extract the **ego-network** for each node, corresponding to the subgraph induced by the nodes neighbors and itself.

GERs

We identify graph evolution rules using the **EvoMine** algorithm [3]. Thanks to the snapshot-based internal representation is suitable for transaction data and it also allows **parallelization** on consecutive snapshots.

NEPs

Thanks to a **canonical categorization** of rules [4], results are consistent across parallel executions. This allows to build the profile of the node evolutionary behavior, called **Node Evolutionary Profile** (NEP), that represents the the distribution of the GER frequency for the node's egonetwork



We developed a clustering pipeline to identify distinct classes representing dynamic traits of ego-network evolution. First, we apply **PCA** for dimensionality reduction, then we used **hierarchical clustering** on the NEPs to identify groups with similar evolutionary traits

How to obtain node evolutionary profiles (NEPs) from nodes' ego network using the GER approach

Ego-networks

We first model the transactions into a **directed temporal network**. Then, we extract the **ego-network** for each node, corresponding to the subgraph induced by the nodes neighbors and itself.

GERs

We identify graph evolution rules using the **EvoMine** algorithm [3]. Thanks to the snapshot-based internal representation is suitable for transaction data and it also allows **parallelization** on consecutive snapshots.

NEPs

Thanks to a **canonical categorization** of rules [4], results are consistent across parallel executions. This allows to build the profile of the node evolutionary behavior, called **Node Evolutionary Profile** (NEP), that represents the the distribution of the GER frequency for the node's egonetwork



We developed a clustering pipeline to identify distinct classes representing dynamic traits of ego-network evolution. First, we apply **PCA** for dimensionality reduction, then we used **hierarchical clustering** on the NEPs to identify groups with similar evolutionary traits

How to obtain node evolutionary profiles (NEPs) from nodes' ego network using the GER approach

Ego-networks

We first model the transactions into a **directed temporal network**. Then, we extract the **ego-network** for each node, corresponding to the subgraph induced by the nodes neighbors and itself.

GERs

We identify graph evolution rules using the **EvoMine** algorithm [3]. Thanks to the snapshot-based internal representation is suitable for transaction data and it also allows **parallelization** on consecutive snapshots.

NEPs

Thanks to a **canonical categorization** of rules [4], results are consistent across parallel executions. This allows to build the profile of the node evolutionary behavior, called **Node Evolutionary Profile** (NEP), that represents the the distribution of the GER frequency for the node's egonetwork



We developed a clustering pipeline to identify distinct classes representing dynamic traits of ego-network evolution. First, we apply **PCA** for dimensionality reduction, then we used **hierarchical clustering** on the NEPs to identify groups with similar evolutionary traits

How to obtain node evolutionary profiles (NEPs) from nodes' ego network using the GER approach

Ego-networks

We first model the transactions into a **directed temporal network**. Then, we extract the **ego-network** for each node, corresponding to the subgraph induced by the nodes neighbors and itself.

GERs

We identify graph evolution rules using the **EvoMine** algorithm [3]. Thanks to the snapshot-based internal representation is suitable for transaction data and it also allows **parallelization** on consecutive snapshots.

NEPs

Thanks to a **canonical categorization** of rules [4], results are consistent across parallel executions. This allows to build the profile of the node evolutionary behavior, called **Node Evolutionary Profile** (NEP), that represents the the distribution of the GER frequency for the node's egonetwork



We developed a clustering pipeline to identify distinct classes representing dynamic traits of ego-network evolution. First, we apply **PCA** for dimensionality reduction, then we used **hierarchical clustering** on the NEPs to identify groups with similar evolutionary traits







0 -

10 -

28

3 5

8

22 -

26 -

In **CONCLUSION**



Comprehensive **framework** for **modeling, mining,** and **analyzing**, the evolutionary **rules** governing network dynamics.

Applied the framework to different networks, including innovative big data sources like the web3, to find evolutionary features on these network new for the literature



Future **RESEARCH**

SHOCKUse evolutionaryEVENTSprofiles to detect shockevents or change point



Integrates the AI in the rule ming phase or use the evolutionary profile in AI tasks

> USER STRATEGIES

Study the evolution of a network from a userperspective, analyzing the behavior



Use rules to generate synthetic networks



- ► E. Scharwächter, E. Müller, J. Donges, M. Hassani, and T. Seidl, Detecting change processes in dynamic networks by frequent graph evolution rule mining, in Proc. IEEE 16th Int. Conf. Data Mining, Barcelona, Spain, 2016, pp. 1191–1196.
- X. Yan and J. Han, gSpan: Graph-based substructure pattern mining, in Proc. IEEE Int. Conf. Data Mining, Maebashi City, Japan, 2002, pp. 721–724.
- Alessia Galdeman, Matteo Zignani, Sabrina Gaito. Disentangling the Growth of Blockchain-based Networks by Graph Evolution Rule Mining. Proceedings of the 2022 IEEE International Conference on Data Science and Advanced Analytics (DSAA).
- Alessia Galdeman, Matteo Zignani, Sabrina Gaito. Unfolding temporal networks through statistically significant graph evolution rules. Proceedings of the 2023 IEEE International Conference on Data Science and Advanced Analytics (DSAA).
- Alessia Galdeman, Matteo Zignani, Christian Quadri, Sabrina Gaito. Graph evolution rules for node temporal behavior representation. Proceedings of International Conference on Discovery Science.
- Alessia Galdeman, Matteo Zignani, Sabrina Gaito. Graph evolution rules meet communities: assessing global and local patterns in the evolution of dynamic networks. Accettato dal journal IEEE Big Data Mining and Analytics.
- Alessia Galdeman, Cheick Tidiane Ba, Matteo Zignani, Sabrina Gaito. Triadic closure evolution rules. ACM Transactions on the Web.





Alessia Galdeman PostDoc @ ITU <u>Copenhagen</u>

- 🖂 gald@itu.dk
 - 🗶 @AlessiaGaldeman
- in @Alessia Galdeman
- https://alessiaatunimi.github.io/
 - @alessianetwork.bsky.social